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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/879,258	06/12/2001	Waldemar Pfrengle	AM100186-00	4853	
26474 75	590 07/25/2003				
KEIL & WEINKAUF			EXAMINER		
1350 CONNEC WASHINGTO	CTICUT AVENUE, N.W. N, DC 20036		BERCH, N	MARK L	
		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1624	11 6	
			DATE MAILED: 07/25/2003		
				/	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

9 A'	Aţ	pplicati n N .	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		9/879,258	PFRENGLE, WALDEMAR		
		aminer	Art Unit		
		ark L. Berch	1624		
	this communication appear	s on the c ver sheet w	ith the corresp ndence address		
Period for Reply			·		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS  - Extensions of time may be available under after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing  - If the period for reply specified above is  - If NO period for reply is specified above  - Failure to reply within the set or extended  - Any reply received by the Office later the earmed patent term adjustment. See 37  Status	G COMMUNICATION.  der the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).  date of this communication.  less than thirty (30) days, a reply with, the maximum statutory period will ap ad period for reply will, by statute, caus an three months after the mailing date	In no event, however, may a in the statutory minimum of thiply and will expire SIX (6) MOIse the application to become A	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
	nication(s) filed on 16 June	2003 .			
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	` ,	ction is non-final.			
<u> </u>	,		atters, prosecution as to the merits is		
closed in accordance v	with the practice under Ex p				
Disposition of Claims	adiaa ia tha analiaatian				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are per	•				
	s) is/are withdrawn f	rom consideration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are al	•				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are reje					
7) Claim(s) is/are of					
8)□ Claim(s) are subj Application Papers	ject to restriction and/or ele	ection requirement.			
9) The specification is object	stad to by the Everniner				
· · ·	•	or b) abjected to by	the Evaminer		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119	•				
13) Acknowledgment is made		ority under 35 U.S.C.	& 110(a) (d) or (f)		
	_	only under 35 0.3.C.	3 113(a)-(d) of (i).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐		we been received	·		
<u></u>	f the priority documents ha		Application No.		
	f the priority documents ha				
	om the International Bureau	J (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	received in this National Stage received.		
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made	of a claim for domestic pr	iority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional application).		
a)   The translation of the	ne foreign language provisi	onal application has b	een received.		
15) Acknowledgment is made	e of a claim for domestic pr	iority under 35 U.S.C	. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-89)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Dra     Information Disclosure Statement(s	wing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)		
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action	Summary	Part of Paper No. 14		

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

This claim is now a "mixture"; a mixture with what? A mixture requires two ingredients, but only one is set forth.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The structural formula were omitted from all the new clean copies of the claims.

Claims 1 and 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for most R1 choices, does not reasonably provide enablement for R1 = haloalkyl. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

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The halo itself is a leaving group which will prevent synthesis as indicated. Thus, suppose R1 were CH<sub>2</sub>I, and the claim 7 process were done with e.g. X=I, which is one of the preferred X choices. The formula II compound would thus be CH<sub>2</sub>I<sub>2</sub>. That compound will obviously not give the desired -CH<sub>2</sub>I derivative, but will instead give the dimer linked by methylene.

The traverse is unpersuasive. Applicants state the examiner has not explained why this cannot be done without undue experimentation. The examiner has already explained that. The reaction, as written, will not work in the choice of R1 = haloalkyl, because the halo in that haloalkyl is itself a leaving group. Applicants point to the permissibility of "some experimentation", but do not explain what that experimentation might be to get around the problem. The examiner is not saying that undue experimentation will be needed to get the reaction to work. The examiner is saying that as written, it will produce the wrong product; it will give the dimer.

Next, applicants argue that even if this were an inoperative embodiment, that is not enough to show lack of enablement. But the cases cited are not like this one, where a specific member of a Markush group is asserted to be not operative. Thus in *Dinh-Nguyen*, the Court spoke of "possibly inoperative" embodiments, not the case here; the examiner is not saying that it is "possibly inoperative". In *Angstadt*, the Court said, "the claims do not cover them", meaning that the terms would not be interpreted as embracing the inoperative embodiment (specifically, that the catalyst in the claim wouldn't be understood to embrace certain unspecified catalysts which don't actually work). That is impossible to assert here because the haloalkyl is specifically recited.

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When operativeness has been properly challenged, it is incumbent on applicant to limit the claims accordingly, cf. *In re Harwood*, 156 USPQ 673, *In re Cook*, 169 USPQ 298, *In re Langer*, 183 USPQ 288, *In re Corkill*, 226 USPQ 1005, 1009, and *In re Rainier*, 153 USPQ 802. MPEP 2164.08 states, "The Federal Circuit has repeatedly held that "the specification must teach those skilled in the art how to make and use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation'." In re Wright, 999 F.2d 1557, 1561, 27 USPQ2d 1510, 1513 (Fed. Cir. 1993)." The "full scope" means each member of a Markush group.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark L. Berch whose telephone number is 703-308-4718. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:15 - 3:45.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mukund Shah can be reached on 308-4716. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-4556 for regular communications and 703-308-4556 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 708-308-1235.

Mark L. Berch Primary Examiner Art Unit 1624

July 15, 2003